Health Council of the Netherlands

Vinyl chloride monomer

Health-based calculated occupational cancer risk values



Annex

Request for advice

In a letter dated October 11, 1993, ref DGA/G/TOS/93/07732A, to, the State Secretary of Welfare, Health and Cultural Affairs, the Minister of Social Affairs and Employment wrote:

Some time ago a policy proposal has been formulated, as part of the simplification of the governmental advisory structure, to improve the integration of the development of recommendations for health based occupation standards and the development of comparable standards for the general population. A consequence of this policy proposal is the initiative to transfer the activities of the Dutch Expert Committee on Occupational Standards (DECOS) to the Health Council. DECOS has been established by ministerial decree of 2 June 1976. Its primary task is to recommend health based occupational exposure limits as the first step in the process of establishing Maximal Accepted Concentrations (MAC-values) for substances at the work place.

In an addendum, the Minister detailed his request to the Health Council as follows:

The Health Council should advice the Minister of Social Affairs and Employment on the hygienic aspects of his policy to protect workers against exposure to chemicals. Primarily, the Council should report on health based recommended exposure limits as a basis for (regulatory) exposure limits for air quality at the work place. This implies:

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- A scientific evaluation of all relevant data on the health effects of exposure to substances using a
 criteria-document that will be made available to the Health Council as part of a specific request
 for advice.
- If possible this evaluation should lead to a health based recommended exposure limit, or, in the
 case of genotoxic carcinogens, a 'exposure versus tumour incidence range' and a calculated
 concentration in air corresponding with reference tumour incidences of 10⁻⁴ and 10⁻⁶ per year.
- The evaluation of documents review the basis of occupational exposure limits that have been recently established in other countries.
- Recommending classifications for substances as part of the occupational hygiene policy of the
 government. In any case this regards the list of carcinogenic substances, for which the
 classification criteria of the Directive of the European Communities of 27 June 1967 (67/548/
 EEG) are used.
- Reporting on other subjects that will be specified at a later date.

In his letter of 14 December 1993, ref U 6102/WP/MK/459, to the Minister of Social Affairs and Employment the President of the Health Council agreed to establish DECOS as a Committee of the Health Council. The membership of the Committee is given in annex B.

Health Council of the Netherlands

Advisory Reports

The Health Council's task is to advise ministers and parliament on issues in the field of public health. Most of the advisory opinions that the Council produces every year are prepared at the request of one of the ministers.

In addition, the Health Council issues unsolicited advice that has an 'alerting' function. In some cases, such an alerting report leads to a minister requesting further advice on the subject.

Areas of activity



Optimum healthcare What is the optimum result of cure and care in view of the risks and opportunities?



Prevention
Which forms of
prevention can help
realise significant
health benefits?



Healthy nutrition Which foods promote good health and which carry certain health risks?



Environmental health Which environmental influences could have a positive or negative effect on health?



Healthy working conditions
How can employees be protected against working conditions that could harm their health?



Innovation and the knowledge infrastructure Before we can harvest knowledge in the field of healthcare, we first need to ensure that the right seeds are sown.



